# Stage 2

Learners should read, write and talk about a wide range of different texts across each stage, including texts in print and digital formats.

The following texts are particularly recommended for Stage 2:

#### Fiction:

Genres: Simple stories including those with repetition and rhyme – traditional tales from different cultures; stories with familiar themes; stories by well-known authors

Poetry: poems with patterns in sounds and/or structure (e.g. rhyming, repetition); humorous poems

(Plays are recommended from Stage 3.)

### Non-fiction:

Explanations: including labelled diagrams

Information texts: including those with subheadings, tables, glossaries and indexes

### **Word structure (phonics)**

- 2Rw.01 Identify common ways in which graphemes can be pronounced differently, e.g. how and low, hot and cold.
- 2Rw.02 Read words with split digraphs, e.g. made, like.
- **2Rw.03** Read words with common prefixes and suffixes, including *un*-, *dis*-, *re*-, *-er*, *-est*, *-ly*, *-y* and *-ful*.
- 2Rw.04 Read familiar words quickly and accurately, usually without audible sounding and blending.
- 2Rw.05 Use phonic knowledge to decode unfamiliar words.
- 2Rw.06 Read multi-syllabic and compound words by segmenting them into syllables.
- \*2Rw.07 Extend the range of common words recognised on sight, including homophones and near-homophones.

### Writing

### Word structure (spelling)

- 2Ww.01 Explore and use different spellings of common phonemes, including long vowel phonemes, e.g. day, rain, made, great, apple, travel, metal.
- 2Ww.02 Explore and use spellings of words with split digraphs, e.g. made, like.
- **2Ww.03** Relate rhyme to known spelling patterns, e.g. *whale*, *snail*.
- **2Ww.04** Use common irregular plurals, e.g. *mice*, *sheep*.
- 2Ww.05 Explore and use verbs with endings -s, -ed and -ing where
  no change is needed to the root, and understand the effect on the
  meaning of a verb of adding these endings.
- **2Ww.06** Spell some words with common prefixes and suffixes, including *un*-, *dis*-, *-er*, *-est*, *-ful* and *-ly*.
- 2Ww.07 Explore and use words which sound the same but have different spellings of long vowels (homophones), e.g. tail and tale, stare and stair, blew and blue.
- **2Ww.08** Use knowledge of phonemes and spelling patterns to spell a range of common regular words correctly.
- **2Ww.09** Spell a range of common exception words accurately.
- \*2Ww.10 Ask for support in spelling unfamiliar words and use spelling logs to support future writing.

### Vocabulary and language

- **2Rv.01** Identify possible meanings of unfamiliar words encountered in reading.
- \*2Rv.02 Identify and record interesting and significant words from texts to inform own writing.
- **2Rv.03** Use the initial letter to organise words in alphabetical order, and to locate words in simple dictionaries and glossaries.
- 2Rv.04 Explore and comment on sounds and words in texts, including adjectives.
- 2Rv.05 Explore different ways of beginning sentences in texts, including using language of time.

## Writing

### Vocabulary and language

- \*2Wv.01 Use vocabulary relevant to a familiar topic.
- **2Wv.02** In story writing, use a range of adjectives to describe characters and settings.
- **2Wv.03** Begin to vary sentence openings, including using language of time, e.g. *Suddenly* ..., *That morning* ...
- 2Wv.04 Choose and use interesting words and phrases, including to describe people and places.
- \*2Wv.05 Use own lists of interesting and significant words to extend the range of vocabulary used in written work.

### **Grammar and punctuation**

- **2Rg.01** Show understanding of punctuation, including speech marks, and simple grammar when re-reading text.
- 2Rg.02 Explore in texts, and understand, the differences in use of full stops and question marks.
- 2Rg.03 Explore in texts sentences that contain and, but, because, if, when.
- 2Rg.04 Explore in texts, and understand, the grammar of commands/instructions and questions.
- 2Rg.05 Explore in texts examples of nouns and noun phrases, including use of common adjectives and simple quantifiers (e.g. some, most, all).
- 2Rg.06 Explore examples of pronouns in texts, including their purpose and how they agree grammatically with verbs.

## Writing

### **Grammar and punctuation**

- **2Wg.01** Use capital letters, full stops and question marks correctly in simple sentences.
- 2Wg.02 Explore and use commas to separate items in lists.
- **2Wg.03** Begin to include direct speech in writing, using a new line for each speaker.
- 2Wg.04 Write clear statements, commands/instructions and questions.
- **2Wg.05** Write simple sentences, and multi-clause sentences using and, but, or.
- 2Wg.06 Begin to write multi-clause sentences using simple connectives, e.g. because, if, when.
- **2Wg.07** Begin to use suffixes -s, -ing and -ed appropriately for present and past verb forms in sentences.
- 2Wg.08 Use simple quantifiers appropriately for the context, e.g. some, most, all.
- **2Wg.09** Use pronouns in writing, and ensure grammatical agreement of nouns and pronouns with verbs.
- **2Wg.10** Use common adjectives appropriately in sentences, including simple comparative and superlative forms.

#### Structure of texts

- 2Rs.01 Talk about the sequence of events or ideas in a text.
- \*2Rs.02 Explore and recognise the features of text structure in a range of different fiction and non-fiction texts, including simple poems.
- 2Rs.03 Explore and recognise organisational features that help the reader to find information in texts, including subheadings and labelled diagrams.

# Writing

#### Structure of texts

- **2Ws.01** Write a sequence of events or ideas, including stories with a beginning, middle and end.
- **2Ws.02** Group together sentences relating to similar ideas.
- \*2Ws.03 Use simple organisational features appropriate to the text type, e.g. subheadings, labelled diagrams.

### Interpretation of texts

- **2Ri.01** Begin to distinguish between fiction and non-fiction texts.
- \*2Ri.02 Read and explore a range of simple stories and poems, including identifying the contribution of any visual elements.
- \*2Ri.03 Identify the characteristics of simple stories.
- \*2Ri.04 Read and explore a range of simple non-fiction text types.
- \*2Ri.05 Begin to show awareness that different non-fiction text types have different purposes and begin to identify their features.
- \*2Ri.06 Explore explicit meanings in simple texts.
- 2Ri.07 Identify and use the main events to retell a story verbally.
- 2Ri.08 Describe story settings and characters.
- 2Ri.09 Find information from simple visual sources, including tables and labelled diagrams.
- \*2Ri.10 Explore implicit meanings in simple texts.
- 2Ri.11 Predict story endings.
- 2Ri.12 Make simple inferences based on what is said or done in a text.
- 2Ri.13 Answer simple questions from reading a short text.
- **2Ri.14** Locate relevant information in texts, including using a contents page.
- \*2Ri.15 Answer questions about texts with some explanation of thinking.
- **2Ri.16** Talk about patterns in simple stories and poems, e.g. rhyme, repetition.

# Writing

#### Creation of texts

- \*2Wc.01 Begin to write simple stories and poems, including using the structures of familiar stories and poems.
- 2Wc.02 Plan writing through discussion, e.g. talking about the setting and characters before writing a story.
- **2Wc.03** Include simple descriptions of settings and characters when writing stories.
- \*2Wc.04 Begin to write for a purpose using basic language and features appropriate for the text type.
- 2Wc.05 Include additional information to develop some ideas when writing non-fiction texts.

## **Appreciation and reflection**

- \*2Ra.01 Enjoy reading and hearing a range of simple stories, poems and non-fiction texts.
- 2Ra.02 Begin to read texts silently as well as aloud.
- 2Ra.03 Discuss texts read or heard, including giving reasons for likes and dislikes.
- 2Ra.04 Make choices about books to read for pleasure.
- 2Ra.05 Recognise that stories may be from different times and places.

# Writing

#### Presentation and reflection

- 2Wp.01 Ensure consistency in formation, size and proportion of letters and the spacing of words.
- **2Wp.02** Know how to join letters and which letters are best left unjoined.
- 2Wp.03 Record key information drawn from a non-fiction text, e.g. listing key topic words.
- \*2Wp.04 Present text in a range of different ways, e.g. diagrams with typed labels, storyboards with handwritten captions.
- **2Wp.05** Read own writing to others and share ideas for improvements.
- **2Wp.06** Begin to proofread for errors by re-reading own writing aloud (e.g. sentence punctuation, verb forms).

# **Speaking and Listening**

# Making yourself understood

- 2SLm.01 Speak clearly and confidently with familiar people.
- 2SLm.02 Provide relevant information with sufficient detail, as needed.
- 2SLm.03 Use relevant vocabulary to describe events and feelings.
- \*2SLm.04 Show some use of non-verbal communication techniques.
- \*2SLm.05 Show some awareness of the listener, e.g. by varying tone to engage them, by responding to their non-verbal cues.

# **Speaking and Listening**

### **Showing understanding**

- 2SLs.01 Listen and respond appropriately, including recalling the main points.
- 2SLs.02 Ask questions about what is heard or read to improve understanding.

#### **Group work and discussion**

- \*2SLg.01 Work with others in a group.
- \*2SLg.02 Show understanding of the opinions of others.
- **2SLg.03** During a discussion, respond in a way that is relevant to the task.
- **2SLg.04** Take turns in speaking, adding relevant information.

#### Performance

- 2SLp.01 Read familiar stories and poems aloud with fluency and expression.
- 2SLp.02 Show awareness of speech marks when reading aloud.
- 2SLp.03 Extend experiences and ideas about characters and situations through role-play.
- **2SLp.04** Deliver a short presentation in a familiar context about a chosen object or event.

#### Reflection and evaluation

- 2SLr.01 Talk about own activities, including why they made particular choices.
- 2SLr.02 Talk about others' presentations, including what they enjoyed and why.
- 2SLr.03 Identify whether someone's non-verbal communication matches their verbal communication.